



Spring Integration & Apache Camel



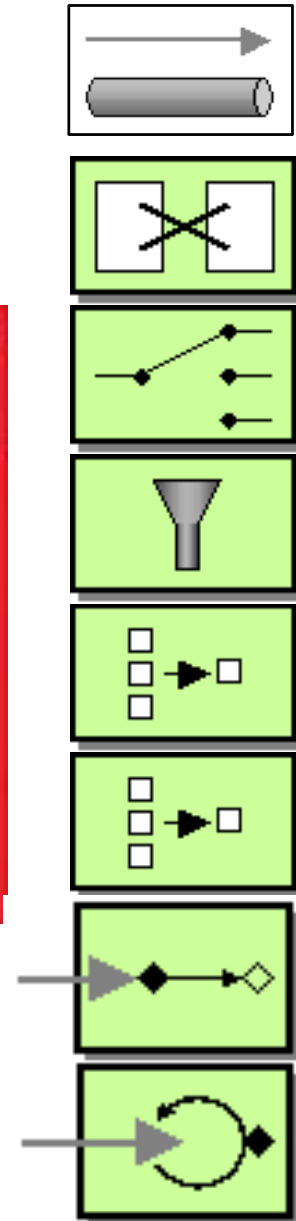
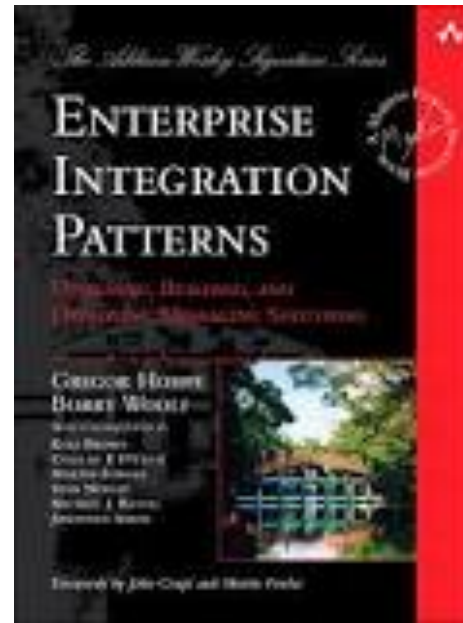
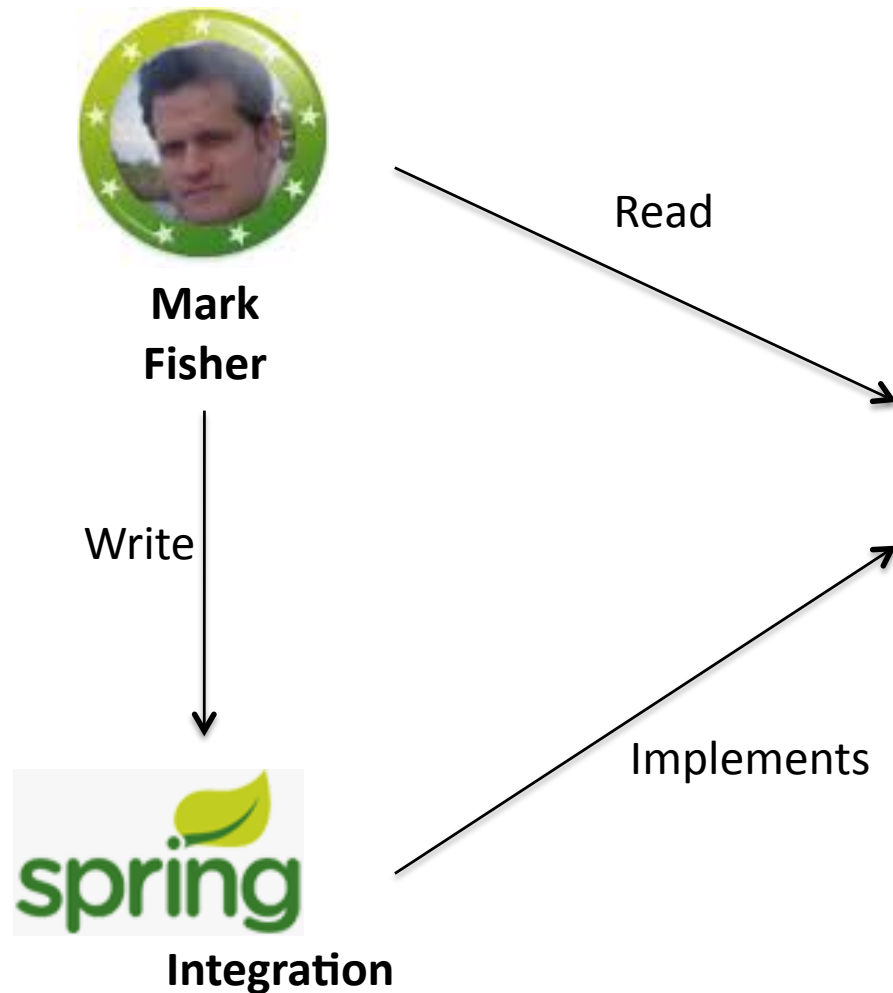
Spring Integration in Action

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@gboissinot

Ecosystème Spring

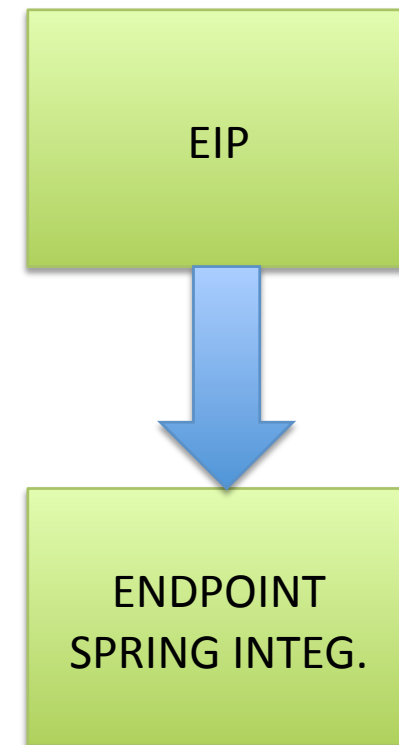


Spring Integration: une API pour les EIP

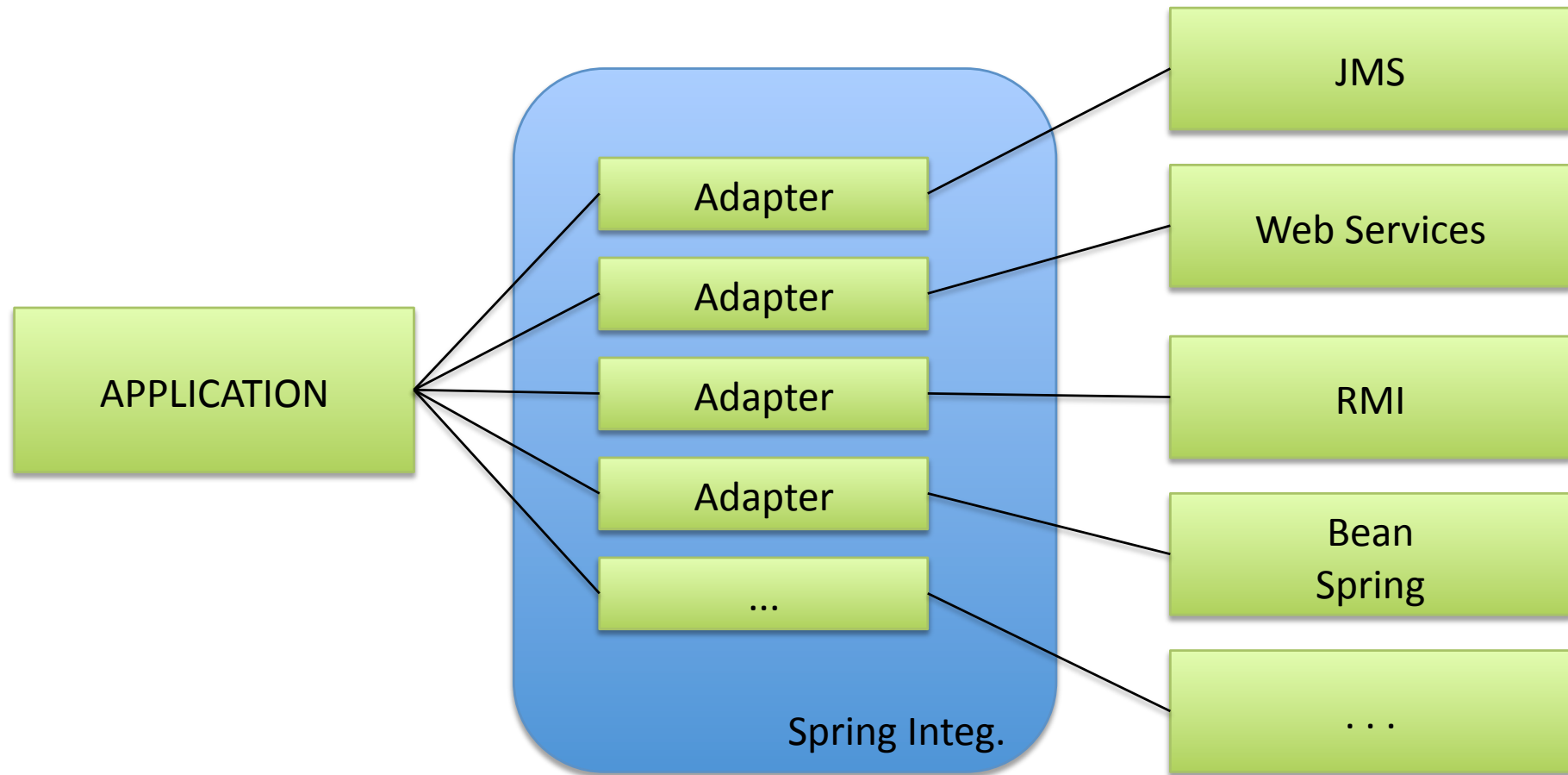


Les Endpoints Spring Integration

- Spring Integration fournit le support des principaux EIP à travers un modèle 1-1
 - Pas de concepts supplémentaires à apprendre



Une plateforme d'intégration à base d'adaptateurs



<http://www.springsource.org/extensions/se-sia>

Les principaux adaptateurs sur étagère

AMQP	RMI	JPA
HTTP	FILE	FTP
SOAP	MongoDB	MAIL
JMS	Redis	XQUERY
JMX	XPath	XML
JDBC	Twitter	...

Un modèle déclaratif à travers un namespace

```
<!-- Fichier Spring Application Context -->
```

```
...
```

```
xmlns:int="http://www.springframework.org/schema/  
integration"
```

```
xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/  
schema/integration http://www.springframework.org/  
schema/integration/spring-integration-2.1.xsd"
```

```
...
```

```
<int:channel id="inputChannel"/>
```


Chaque composant est un bean Spring

```
<int:channel id="inputChannel"/>
```



```
inputChannel =  
    ctx.getBean("inputChannel", MessageChannel.class);
```

Réutilisation du modèle Spring

```
<int-jms:inbound-channel-adapter
  channel="inputChannel"
  destination="{input.queue}">
  <int:poller task-executor="pool" fixed-delay="1000">
    <int:transactional />
  </int:poller>
</int-jms:inbound-channel-adapter>

<!-- Pool de threads -->
<task:executor id="pool" pool-size="10"/>

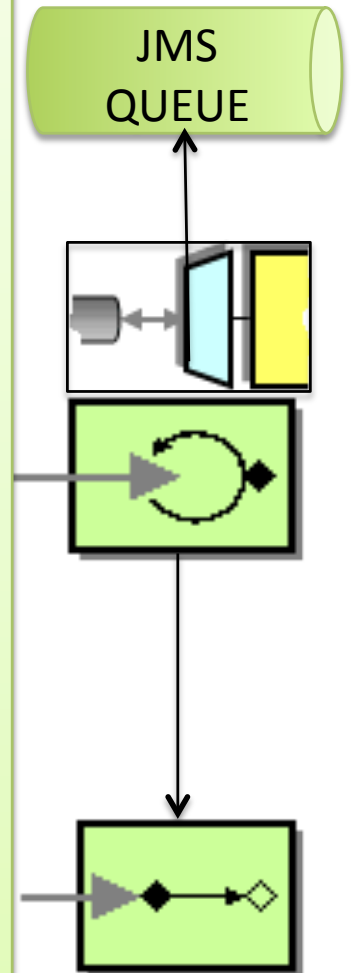
<!-- Pollable Channel -->
<int:channel id="inputChannel" />

<!-- Call Spring Java Bean -->
<int:service-activator
  input-channel="inputChannel"
  ref="myServiceBean" />
```

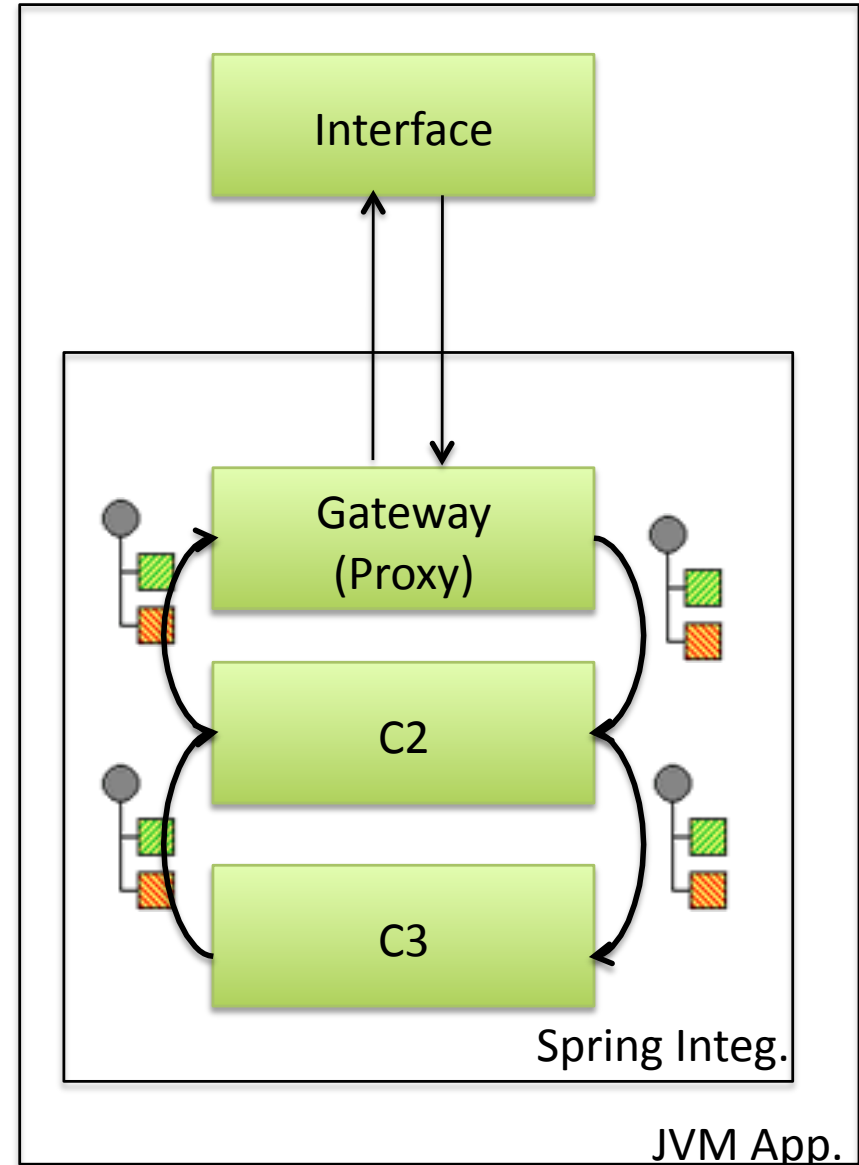
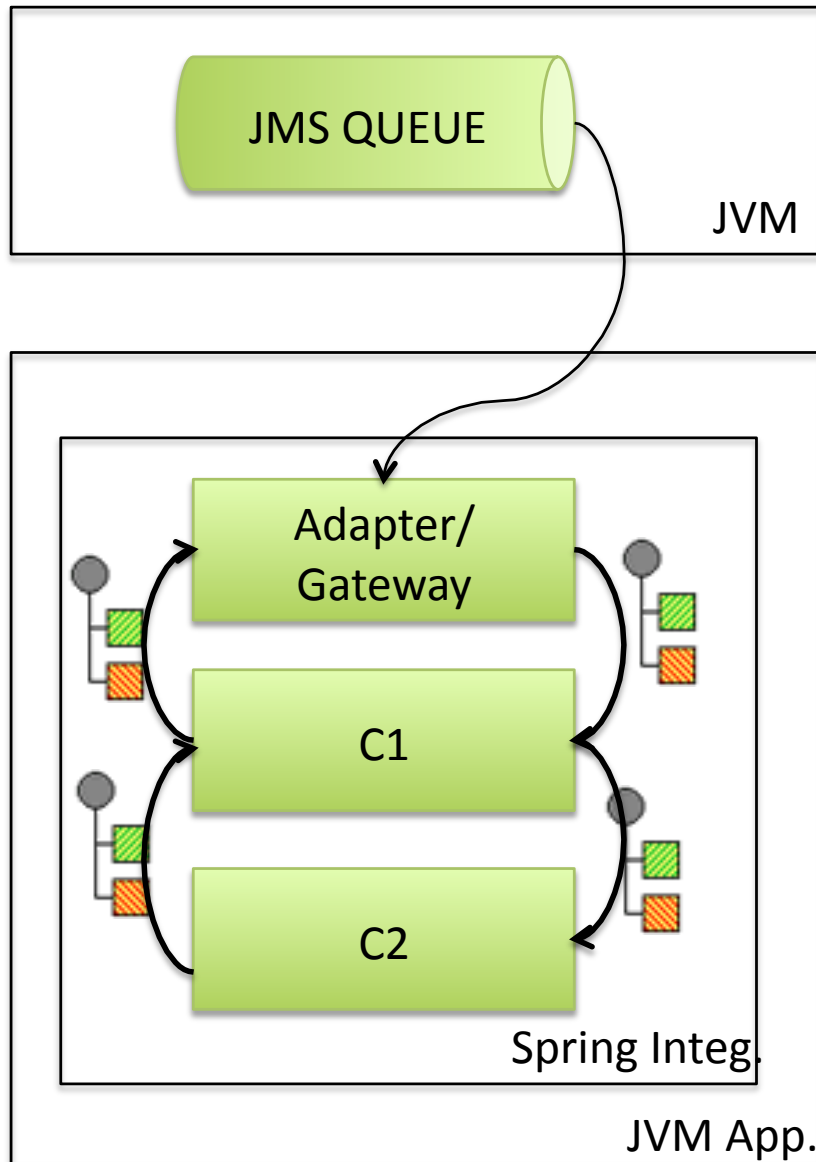
Spring
Dependency Injection

Spring
Task Scheduling

Method
Invocation



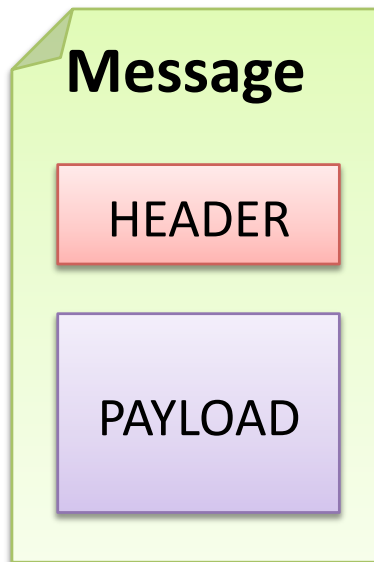
Inter et Intra Process par l'exemple



Spring Integ. Intra Process



Un message Spring Integration



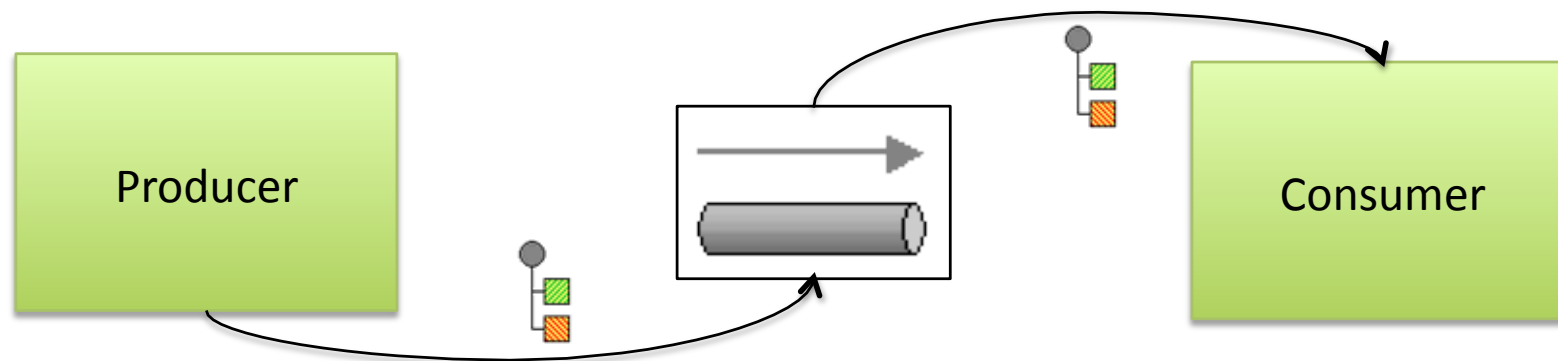
```
public interface Message<T> {  
    MessageHeaders getHeaders();  
    T getPayload();  
}
```

```
public final class MessageHeaders  
implements Map<String, Object>,  
    Serializable {  
  
}
```

Les Headers du Message

MESSAGE_ID
TIMESTAMP
CORRELATION_ID
PRIORITY
EXPIRATION_DATE
ERROR_CHANNEL
REPLY_CHANNEL
SEQUENCE_NUMBER
SEQUENCE_SIZE
...
MY_FUNCTIONAL_HEADER1
MY_FUNCTIONAL_HEADER2
MY_FUNCTIONAL_HEADER3
...

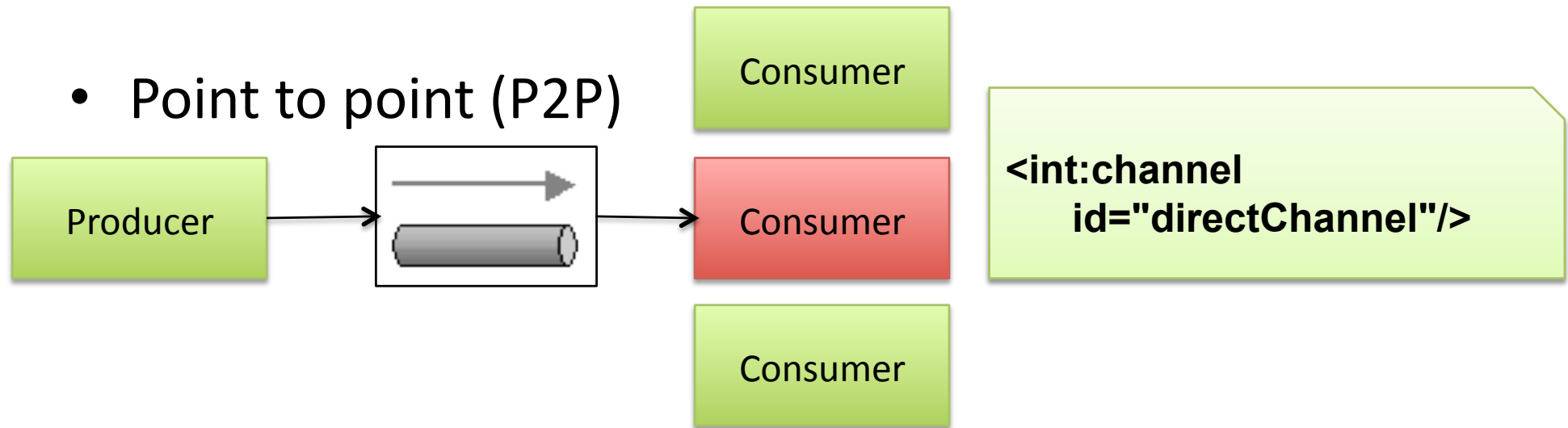
L'importance du Channel



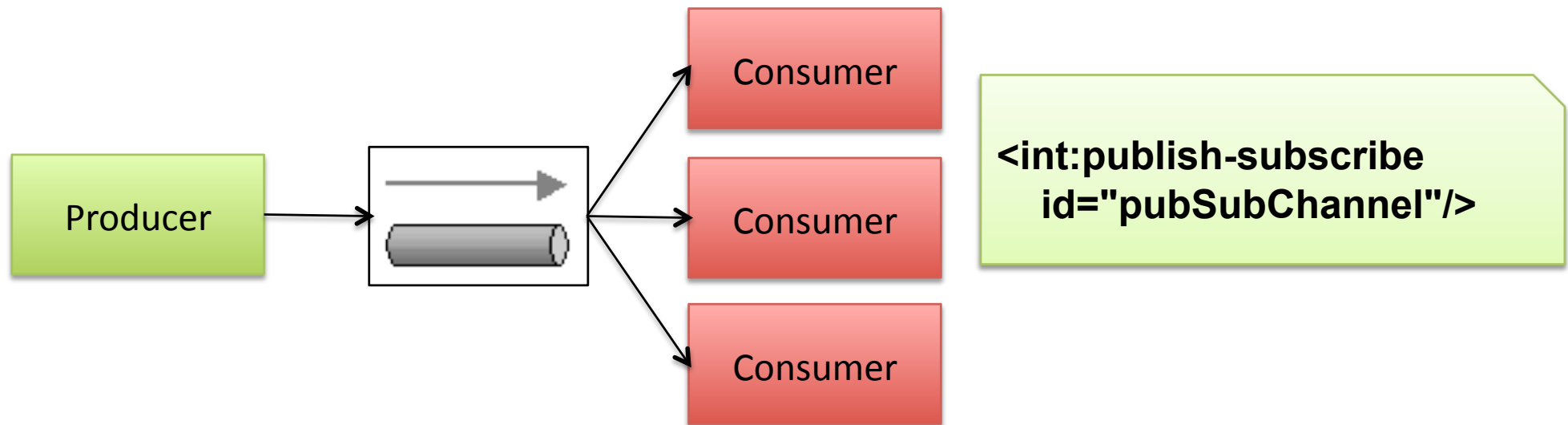
- Élément central
- En mémoire par défaut
 - Backend possible (JMS, JDBC store, etc)
- Facilite le buffering et l'interception

Le mode de destination du channel

- Point to point (P2P)

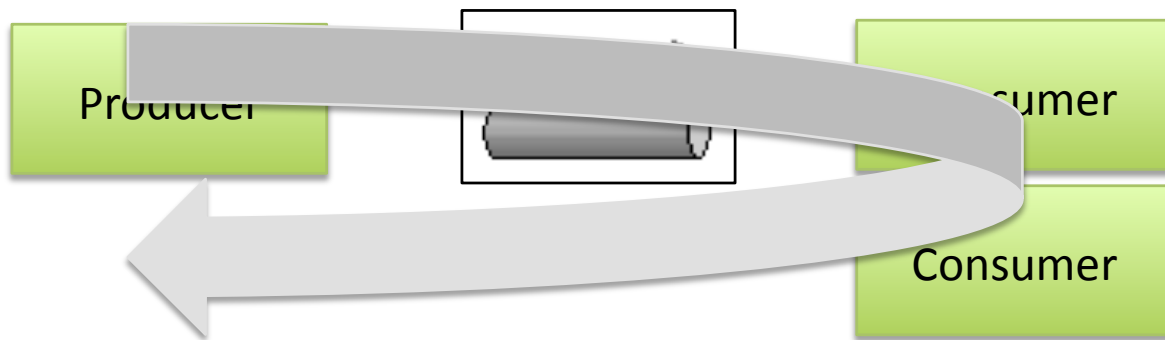


- Publish Subscribe (Pub/Sub)



Les modes de transfert du channel

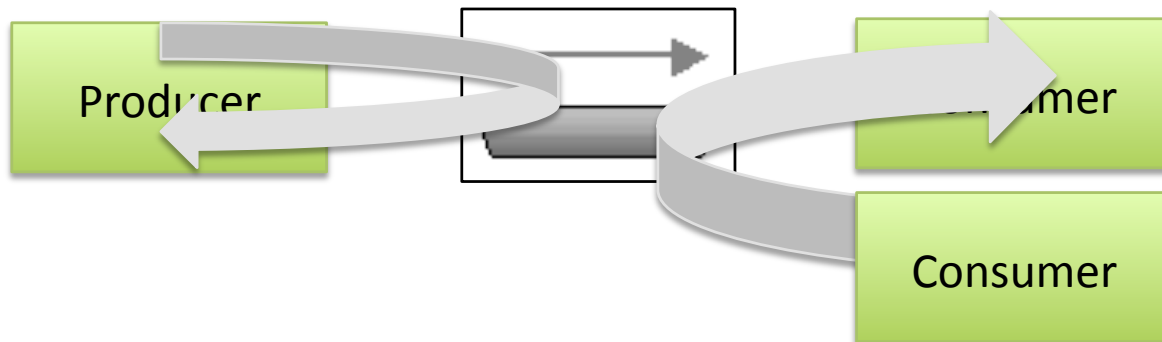
- Synchronous Handoff (Sync)



```
<int:channel  
  id="directChannel"/>
```

```
<int:publish-subscribe  
  id="pubSubChannel"/>
```

- Asynchronous Handoff (Async)



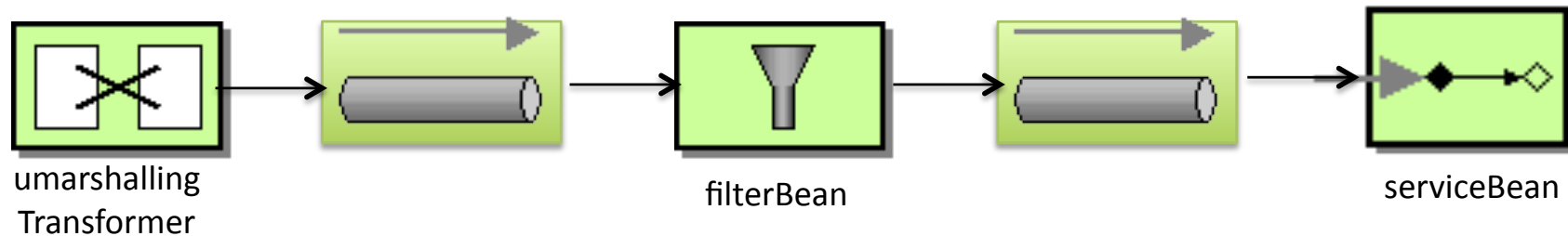
```
<int:channel  
  id="directChannel">  
<int:dispatcher  
  task-executor="executor"/>  
</int:channel>
```

```
<int:publish-subscribe  
  id="pubSubChannel"  
  task-executor="executor"/>
```

Les différents types de Channel

- PollableChannel (P2P)
 - QueueChannel
 - Priority Channel
 - Rendezvous Channel
 - NullChannel
- SubscribableChannel
 - DirectChannel (P2P et sync)
 - Publish-subscribe Channel (Pub/sub – sync/async)
 - ExecutorChannel (P2P et async)

Chaining Endpoints

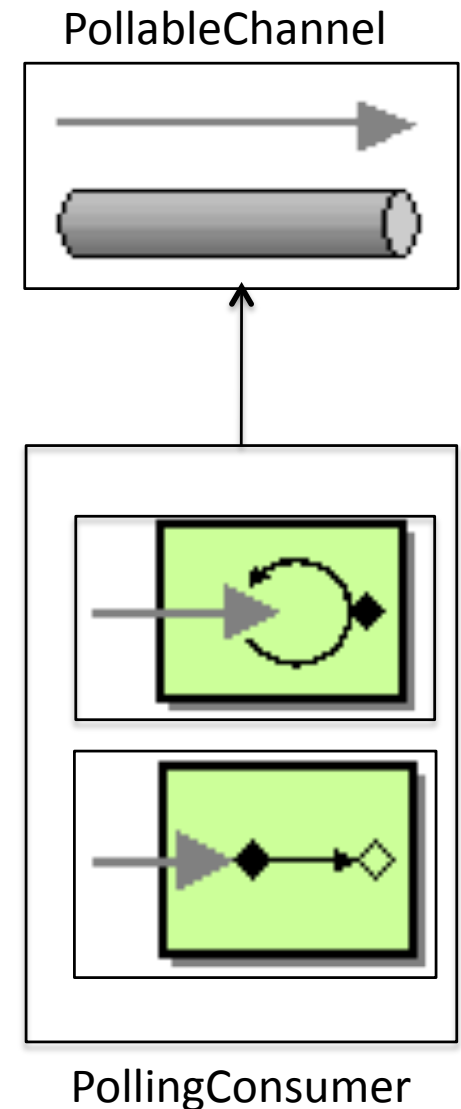


```
<int:chain input-channel="inputChannel"  
           output-channel="outputChain">  
  <int:transformer ref="umarshallingTransformerBean"/>  
  <int:filter ref="filterBean"/>  
  <int:service-activator ref="serviceBean" />  
</int:chain>
```

Une API programmatique riche

PollingConsumer (1/2)

```
<int:channel id="queueChannel">  
  <int:queue capacity="50"/>  
</int:channel>  
  
<int:service-activator  
  input-channel="queueChannel"  
  output-channel="outputChannel"  
  expression="payload.toUpperCase()">  
  <int:poller fixed-delay="1000"  
    max-messages-per-poll="5"/>  
</int:service-activator>
```



Une API programmatique riche

PollingConsumer (2/2)

```
<int:channel id="queueChannel">  
  <int:queue capacity="50"/>  
</int:channel>
```

```
pollableChannel =
```

```
  cxt.getBean("queueChannel", QueueChannel.class);
```

```
PollingConsumer pollingConsumer =
```

```
  new PollingConsumer(pollableChannel, messageHandler);
```

```
PeriodicTrigger periodicTrigger =
```

```
  new PeriodicTrigger(1, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
```

```
pollingConsumer.setBeanFactory(applicationContext);
```

```
pollingConsumer.setTrigger(periodicTrigger);
```

```
pollingConsumer.setMaxMessagesPerPoll(5);
```

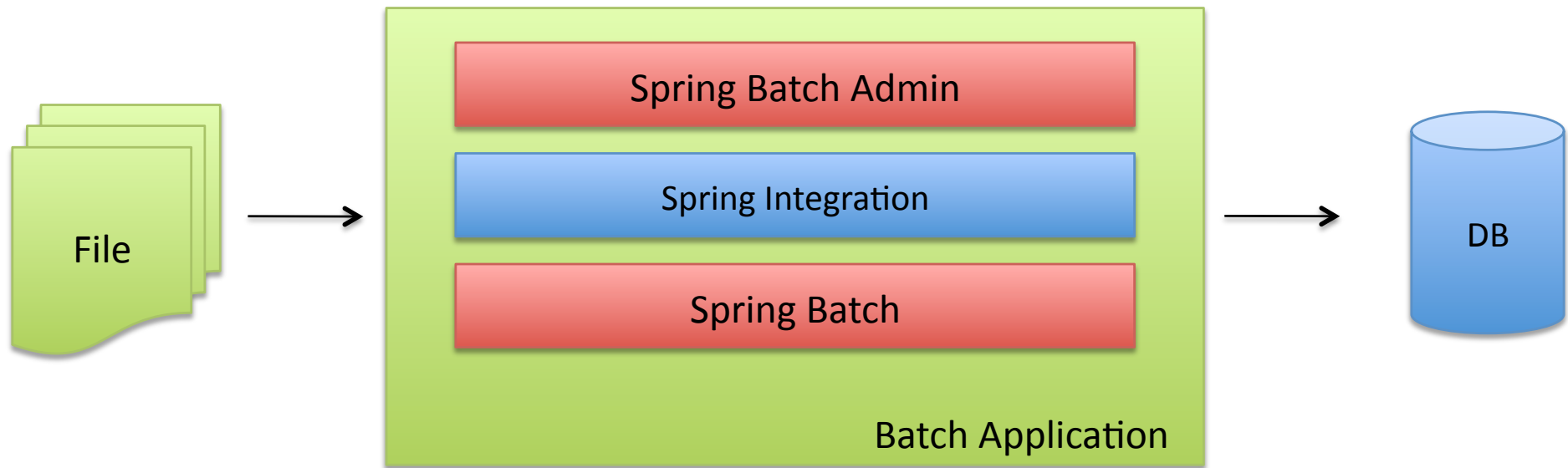
```
pollingConsumer.start();
```

Une API programmatique riche

Création de messages

```
MessageHandler messageHandler =  
    new MessageHandler() {  
        public void handleMessage(Message<?> message)  
            throws MessagingException {  
            final String payload = (String) message.getPayload();  
            outputChannel.send(  
                MessageBuilder.withPayload(payload.toUpperCase())  
                    .setHeader("key", "value")  
                    .build();  
            }  
    };
```

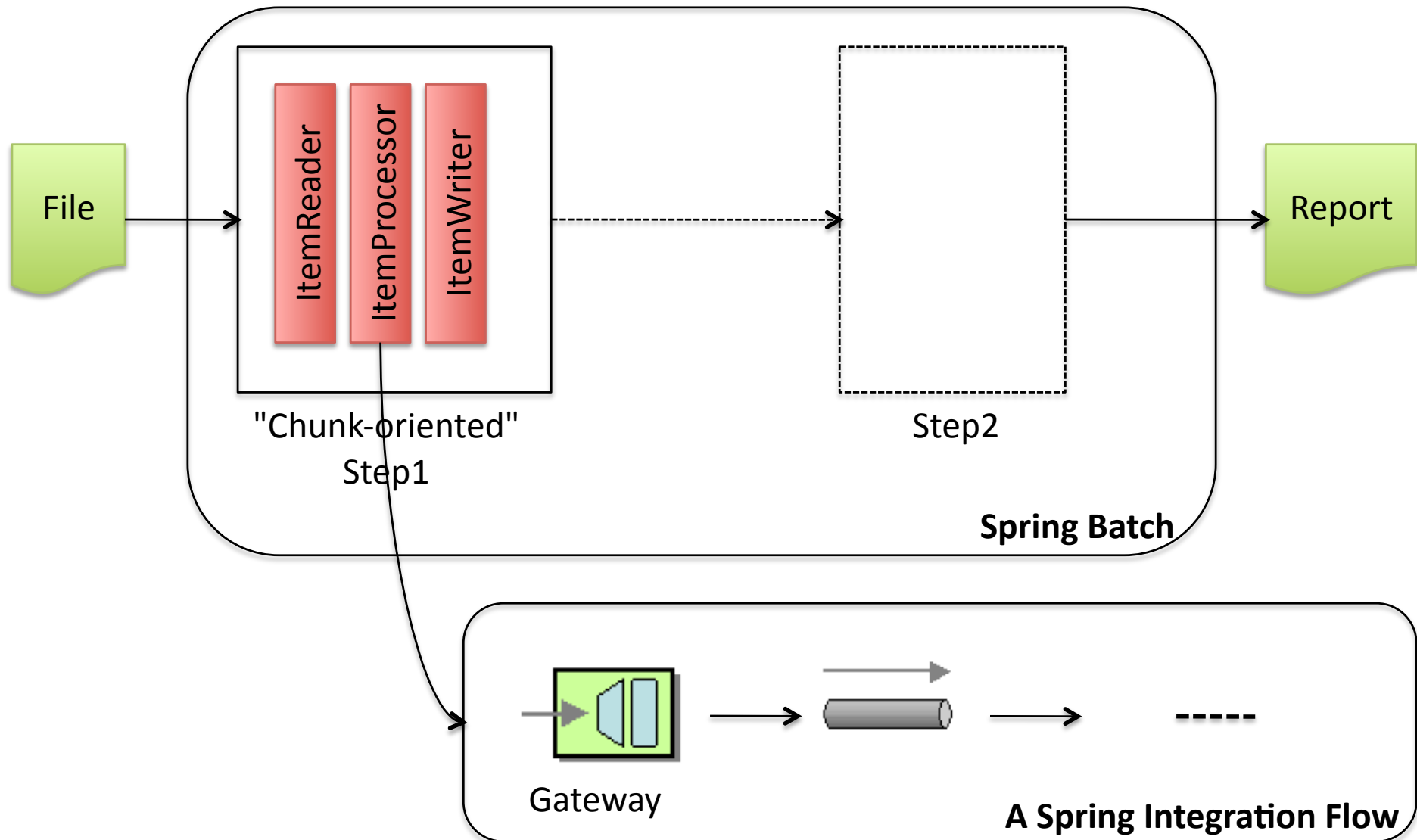
Spring Integration et Spring Batch



Spring Integration en tant que brique additionnelle à
Spring Batch

Spring Integration et Spring Batch

Modèle de délégation (1/2)



Spring Integration et Spring Batch

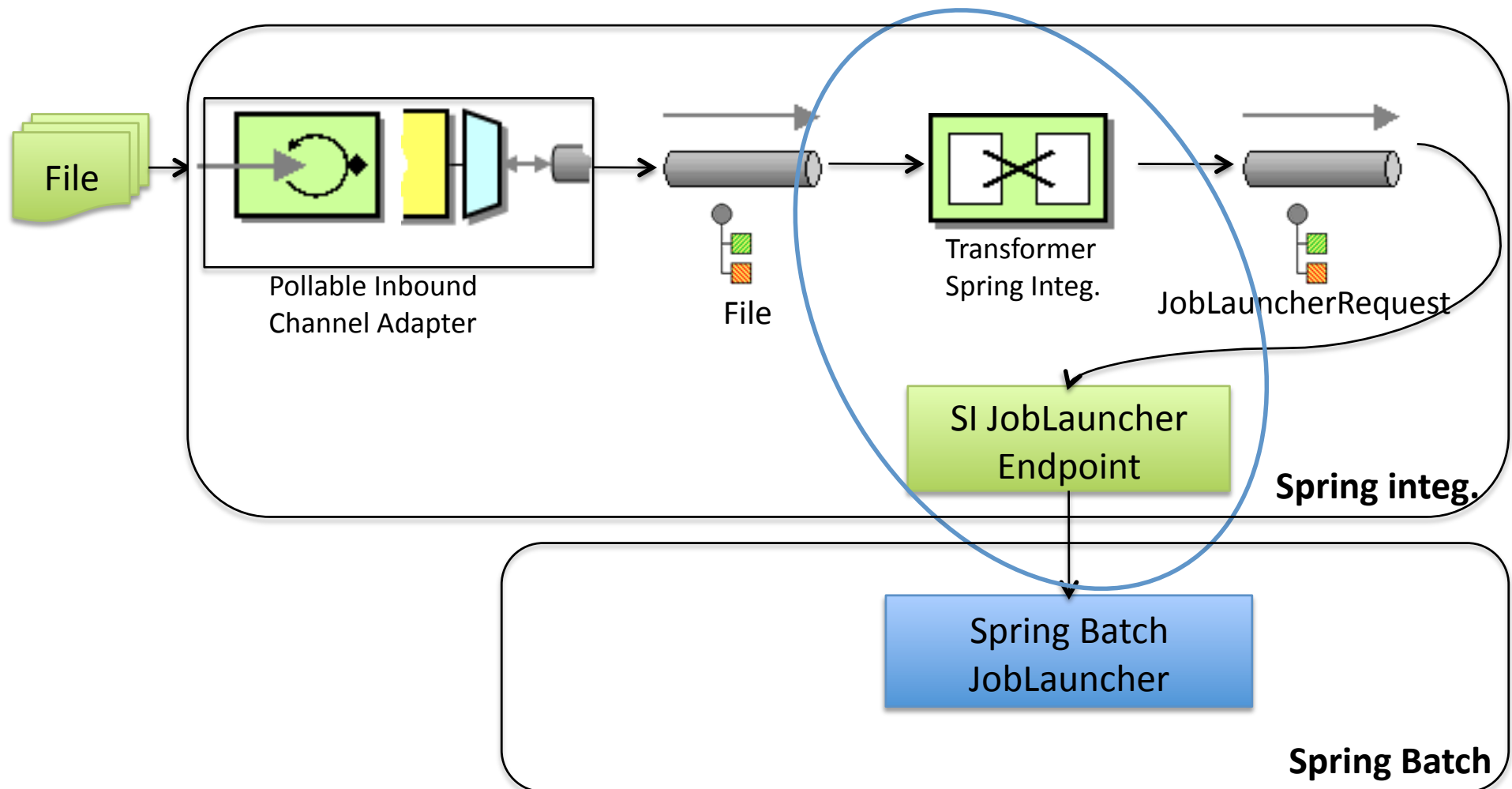
Modèle de délégation (2/2)

```
<int:gateway id="processor"  
  service-interface=  
    "org.springframework.batch.item.ItemProcessor"  
  default-request-channel="inputChannel"  
  default-reply-channel="outputChannel"  
  default-reply-timeout="2"/>
```

```
<int:channel id="inputChannel"/>
```

```
<int:channel id="outputChannel"/>
```

Spring Batch et Spring Intégration Modèle par "Évènement"



Exposition en JMX des endpoints et channels



Java Monitoring & Management Console

Connection Window Help

pid: 1461 com.intellij.rt.execution.application.AppMain com.boissinot.core.file.Main

Overview Memory Threads Classes VM Summary **MBeans**

Attributes

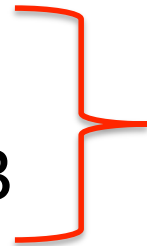
Name	Value
MaxSendDuration	1.0
MeanErrorRate	0.0
MeanErrorRatio	0.0
MeanSendDuration	0.4736842105263158
MeanSendRate	0.04500256709050285
MinSendDuration	0.0
SendCount	2
SendErrorCount	0
StandardDeviationSendDuration	0.49930699897395464
TimeSinceLastSend	42.663

Refresh

The screenshot shows the Java Monitoring & Management Console (JMX) interface. The left pane displays a tree view of the MBean hierarchy, with the 'Attributes' of the selected 'inputFilesChannel' expanded. The right pane shows a table of these attributes and their values. The 'Refresh' button is located at the bottom right of the console window.

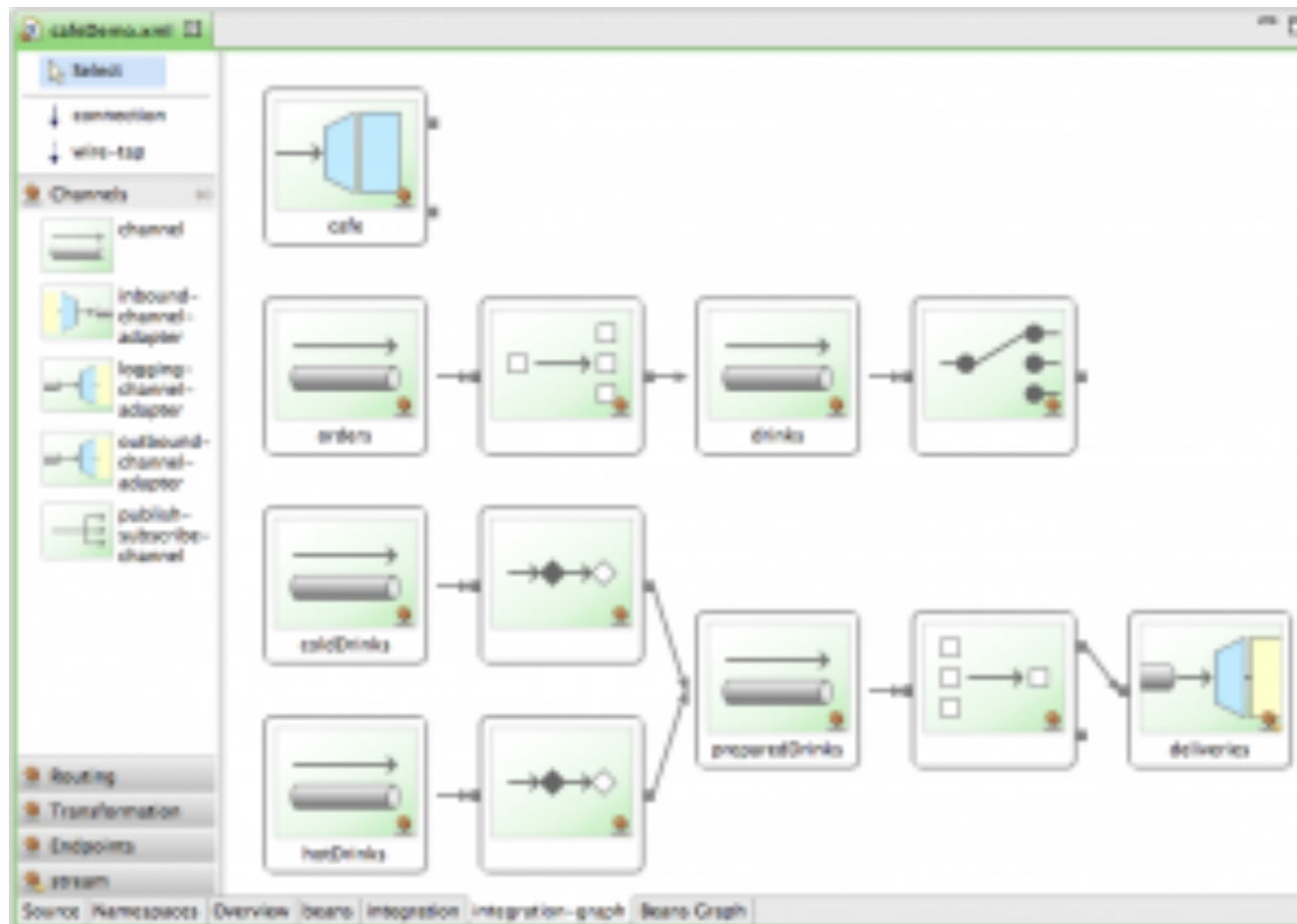
Spring Integration Version log

- 1.0.0: Nov. 2008
- 2.0.0: Nov. 2010
- 2.1.0: Janv. 2012
- 2.2.0: Mai 2013
- ...
- 2.2.5: Sept. 2013
- 3.3.0M3: Sept. 2013



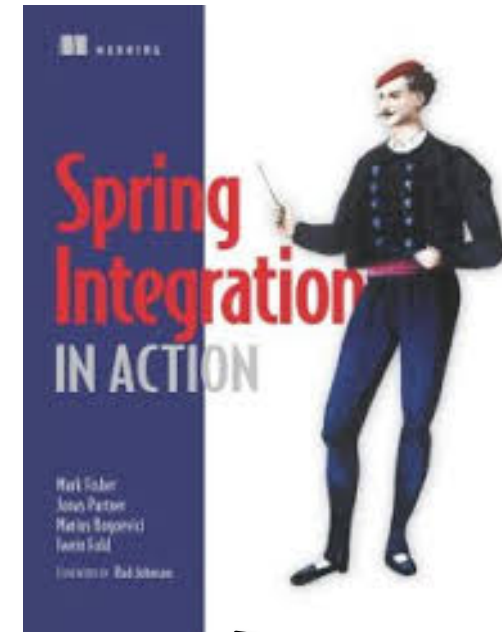
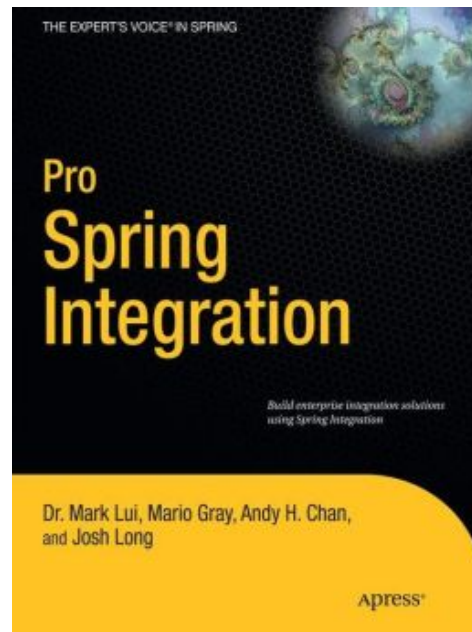
Deux versions en //

Support dans les IDE



Spring Tool Suite (STS) fournit un très bon support Spring Integration

Les livres du marché



Le plus complet

Apache Camel

Apprivoisez le chameau

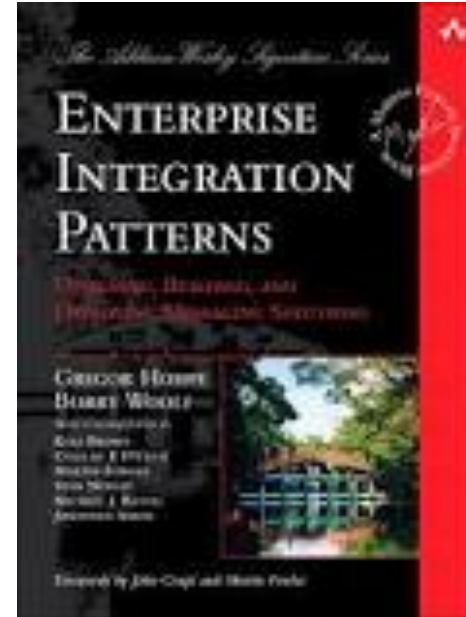
Guillaume Giamarchi

@ggiamarchi



James Strachan

Read



Write

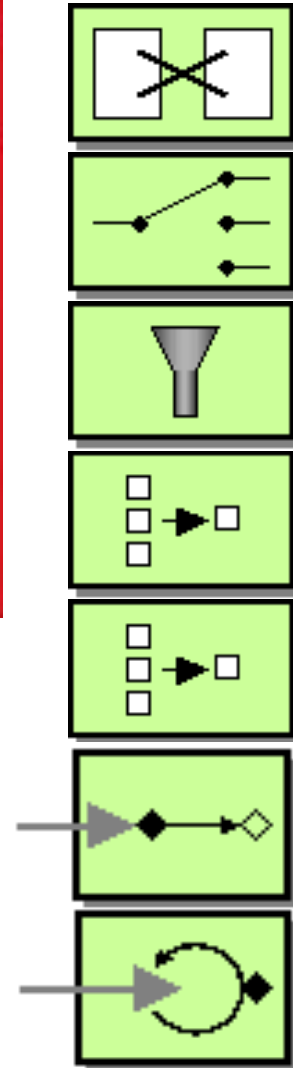


Implements



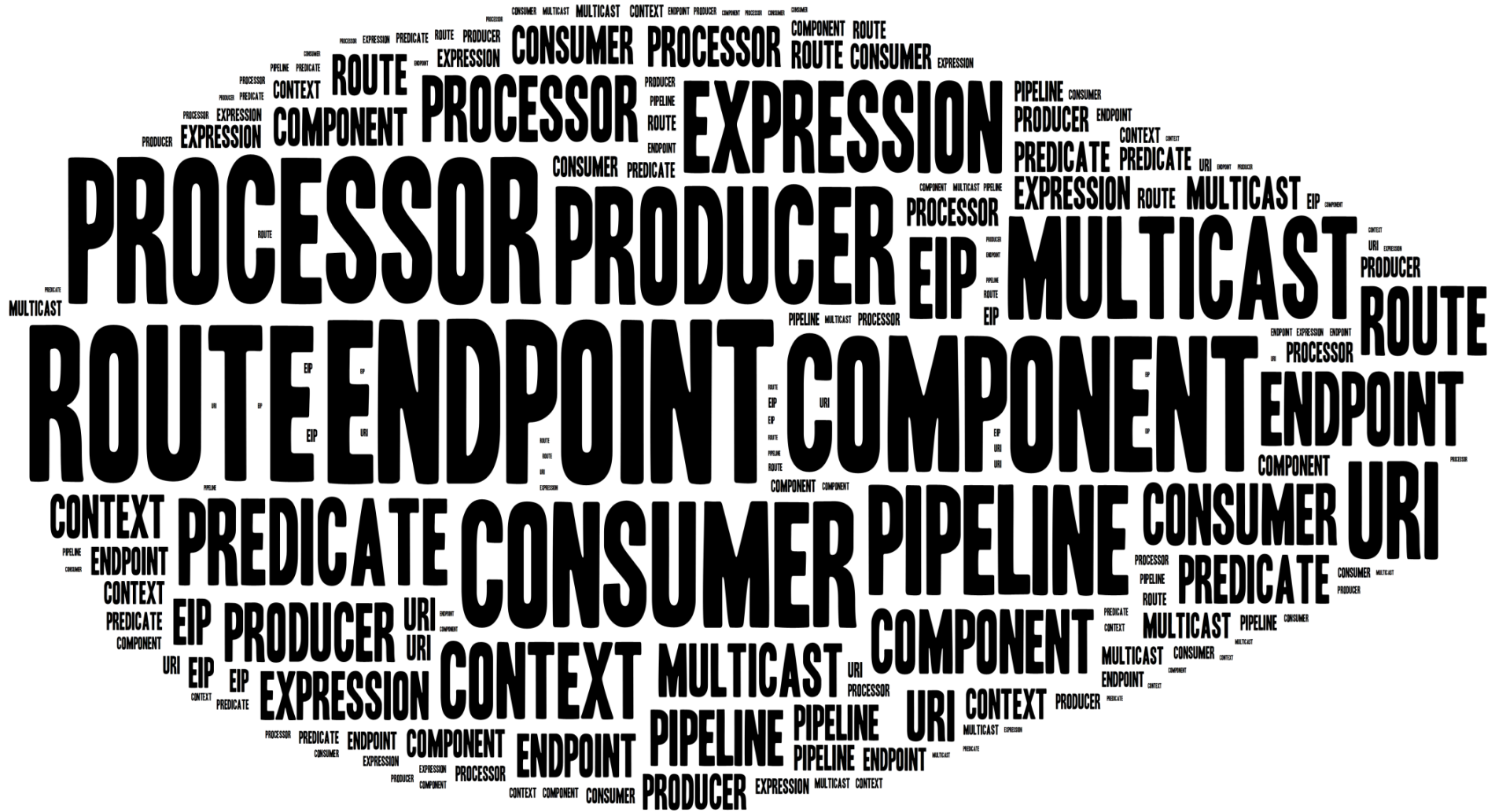
Claus Ibsen

Leads

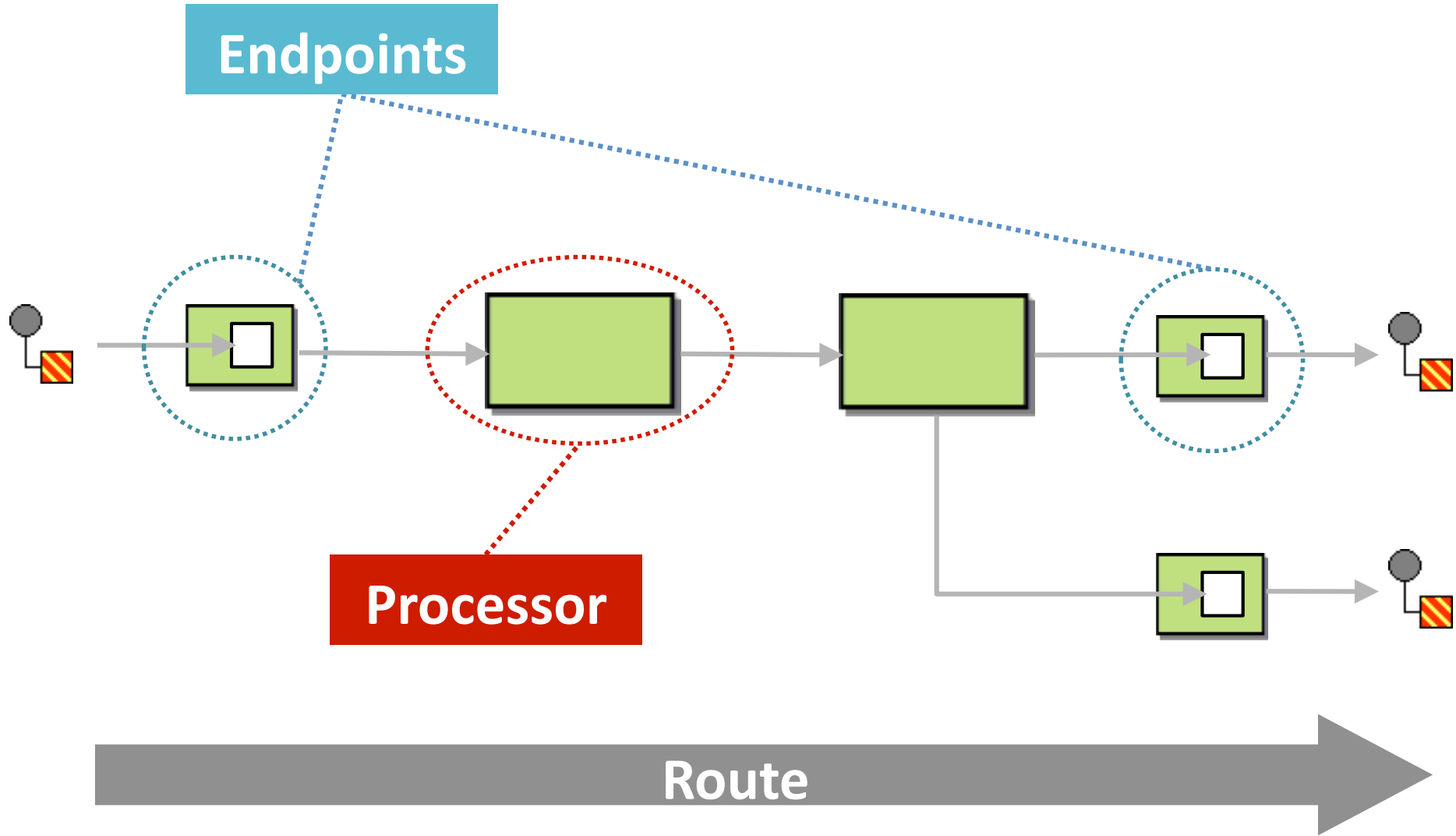




- Framework Java Open Source
- Implémentation des EIP
- Java DSL (Domain Specific Language)
- Très bonne intégration Spring



En route...







```
import com.zenika.camel;

import org.apache.camel.builder.RouteBuilder;

public class HelloWorldRoute extends RouteBuilder {
    @Override
    public void configure() throws Exception {

        from("jms:queue:in").to("bean:myServiceBean");

    }
}
```

```
<camelContext xmlns="http://camel.apache.org/schema/spring">
    <package>com.zenika.camel</package>
</camelContext>

<bean id="myServiceBean" class="..." />
```



```
<beans
```

```
  xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"  
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"  
  xsi:schemaLocation="
```

```
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
```

```
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
```

```
    http://camel.apache.org/schema/spring
```

```
    http://camel.apache.org/schema/spring/camel-spring.xsd">
```

```
<camelContext xmlns="http://camel.apache.org/schema/spring">
```

```
  <route>
```

```
    <from uri="jms:queue:in" />
```

```
    <to uri="bean:myServiceBean" />
```

```
  </route>
```

```
</camelContext>
```

```
<bean id="myServiceBean" class="..." />
```

```
</beans>
```

Dans les coulisses...

Les Endpoints



- ❑ Jouent le rôle d'interfaces
- ❑ Sont Exprimés par des URI

scheme:adresse[?options]

Type de
composant

Dans les coulisses...

Les Endpoints



☐ Physiques

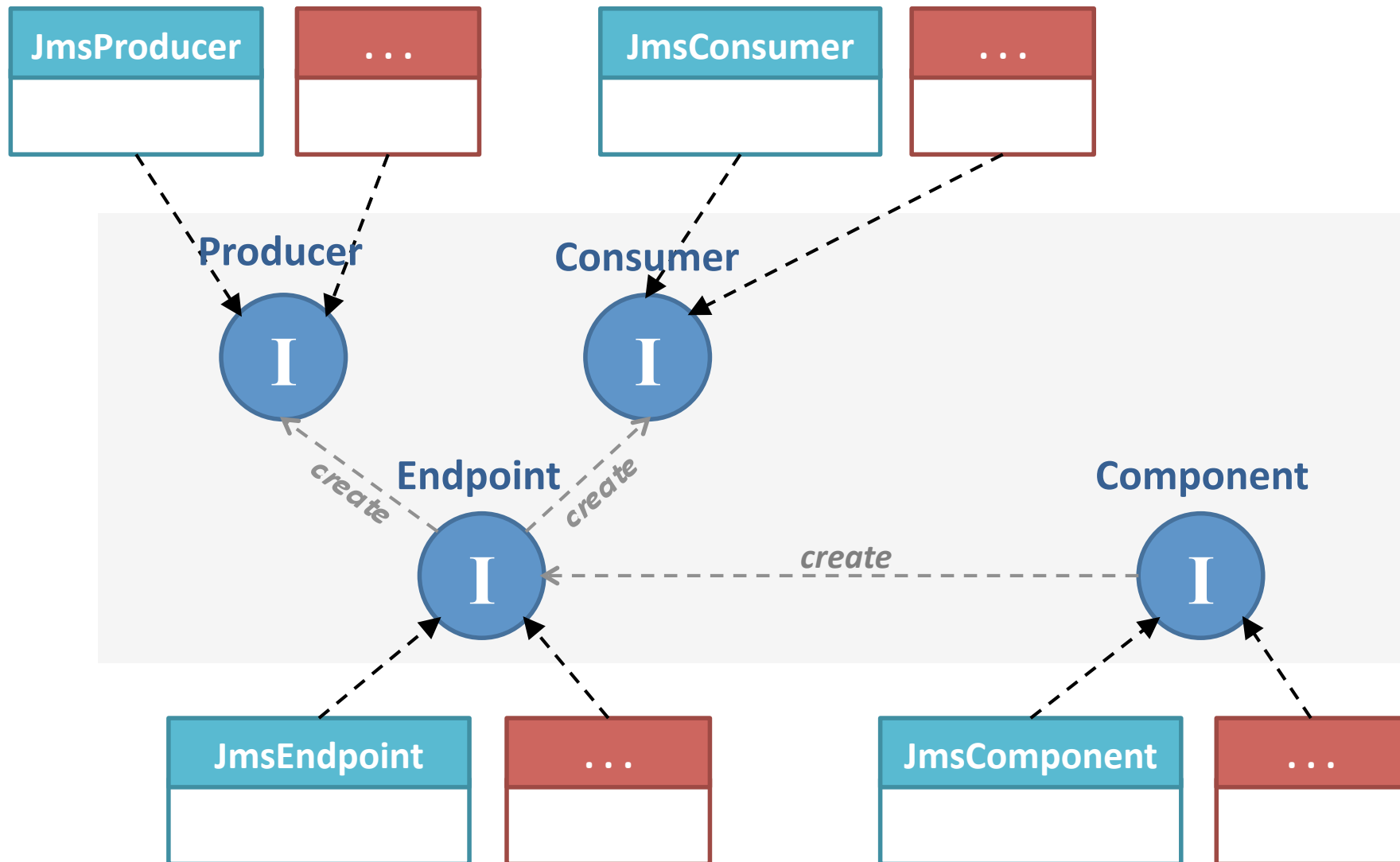
```
jms:queue:input  
file:/home/guillaume/camel/out?delay=3000  
http://www.zenika.com
```

☐ Logiques

```
from("jms:queue:in")  
    .to("direct:callBean");  
  
from("direct:callBean")  
    .to("bean:myServiceBean");
```


Dans les coulisses...

Composants et Endpoints



Des composants

très classiques...



HTTP

FTP

SSH

JMS

File

JDBC

SMTP

IMAP

POP3

AMQP

LDAP

TCP

JMX

XSLT

...

Des composants

un peu moins classiques...



MyBatis

CouchDB

Hazelcast

Vert.x

MongoDB

Twitter

GMail

RabbitMQ

Nagios

Elasticsearch

Facebook

AWS-S3

Freemarker

Lucene

...

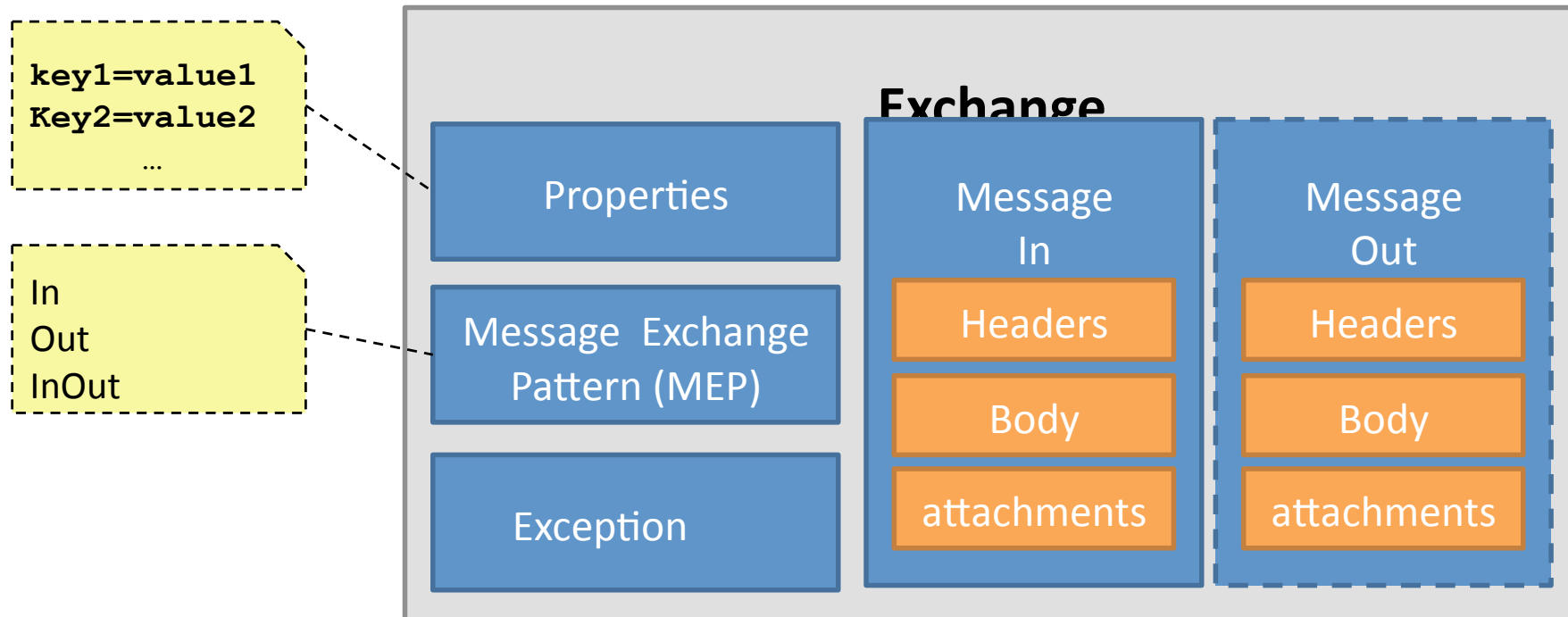
Dans les coulisses...

Les messages



Exchanges

- Les messages transitent sur les routes



Les Processors



```
public class MyProcessor implements Processor {  
  
    public void process(Exchange exchange) throws Exception {  
        Message in = exchange.getIn();  
        String body = in.getBody(String.class);  
        in.setBody(body + "abc")  
    }  
  
}
```

```
from("jms:queue:in")  
    .process(new MyProcessor())  
    .to("jms:queue:out");
```

Apache
Camel



Cas pratique

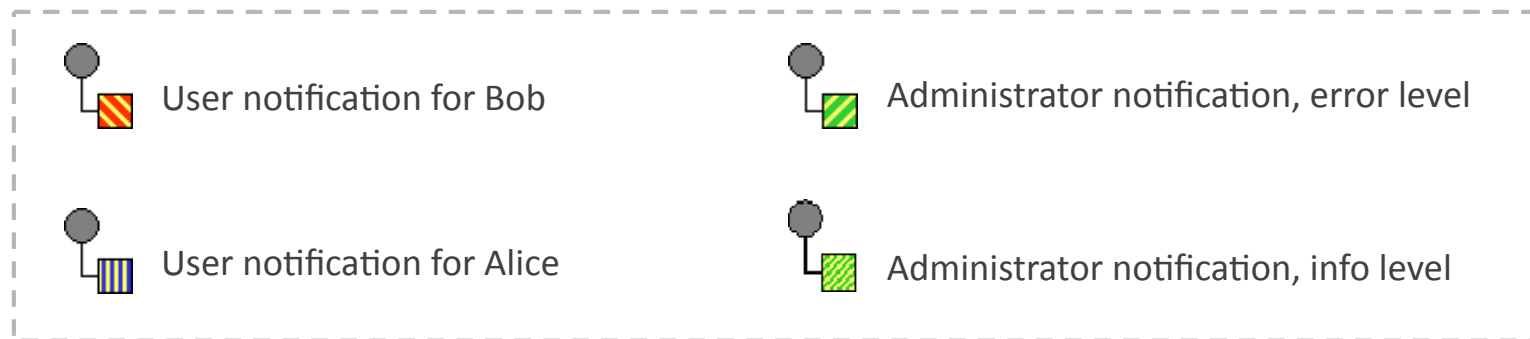
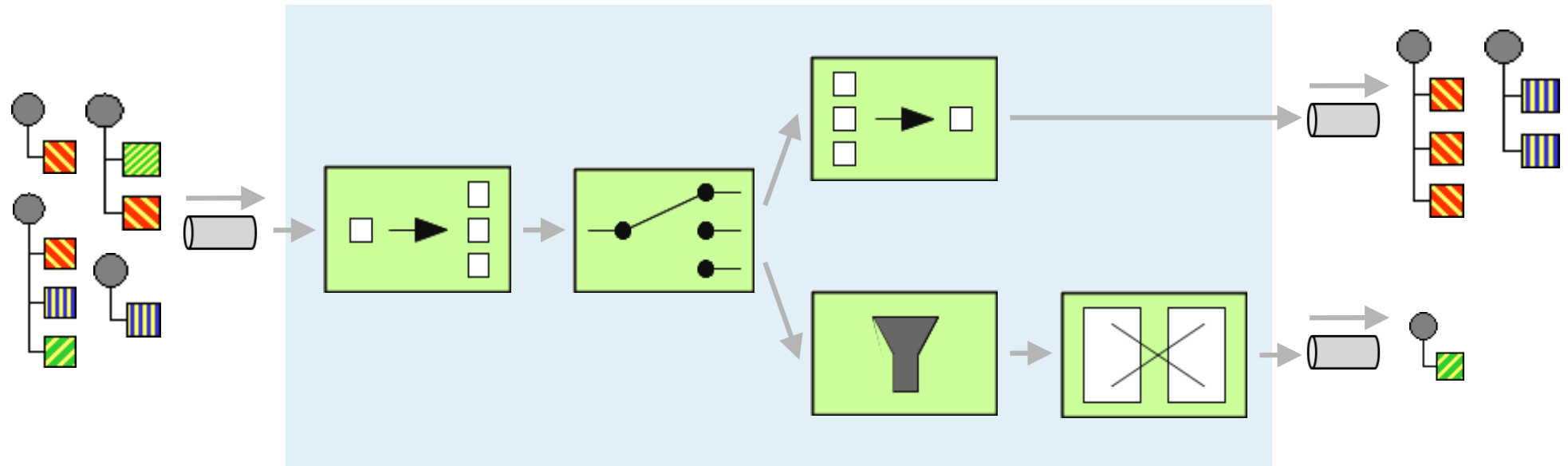


Cas pratique



```
<notifications xmlns="http://www.zenika.com/camel/notif/model">
  <admin>
    <severity>ERROR</severity>
    <message>Exception during processing...</message>
  </admin>
  <user>
    <type>INVITATION</type>
    <from>Guillaume</from>
    <to>Bob</to>
    <title>Football match next sunday</title>
    <text>Hi all, who is available ?</text>
  </user>
  <user>
    <type>INVITATION</type>
    <from>Guillaume</from>
    <to>Alice</to>
    <title>Trip arround the world</title>
    <text>We plan an amazing trip! Are you in ?</text>
  </user>
</notifications>
```

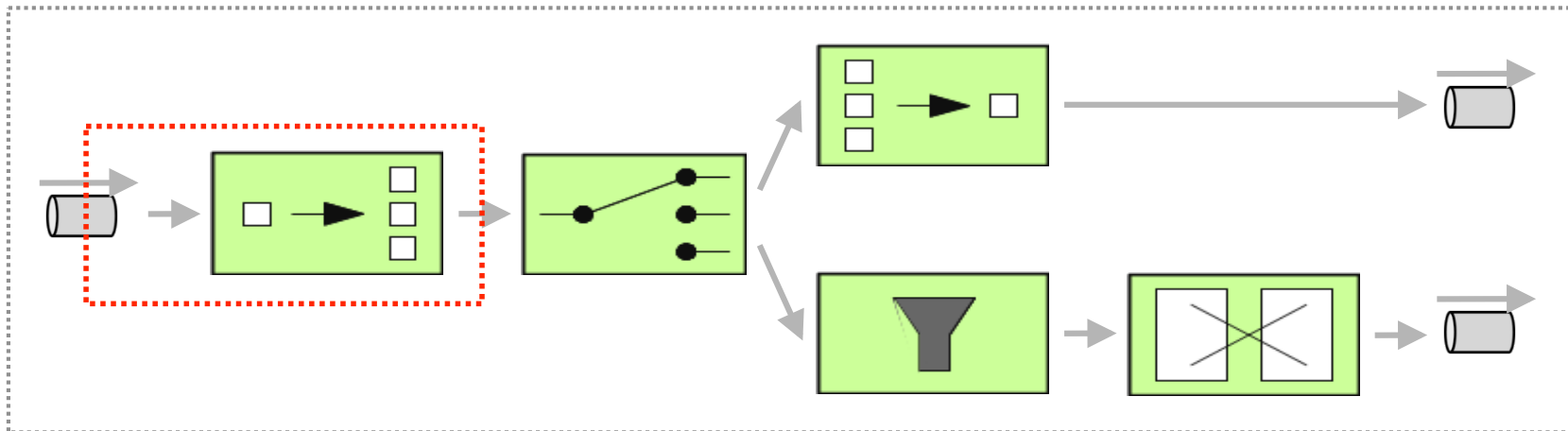

Cas pratique



Cas pratique



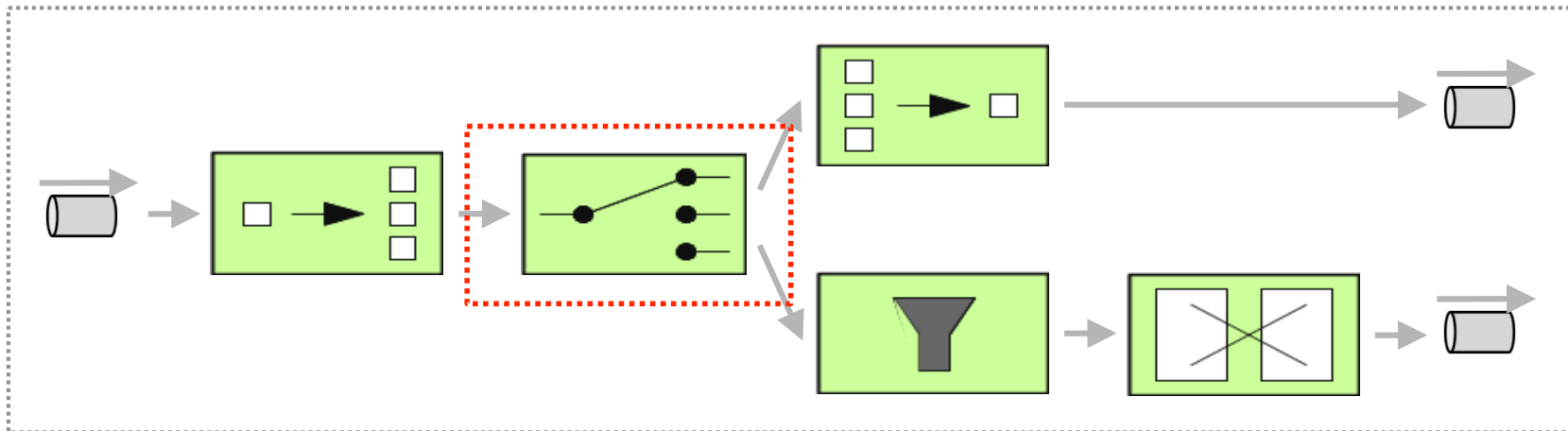
```
Namespaces NS = new Namespaces("n", "...");  
  
from(ENDPOINT_URI_IN)  
  .split()  
    .xpath("/n:notifications/child::*", NS)  
  .to(ENDPOINT_URI_ROUTER);
```



Cas pratique



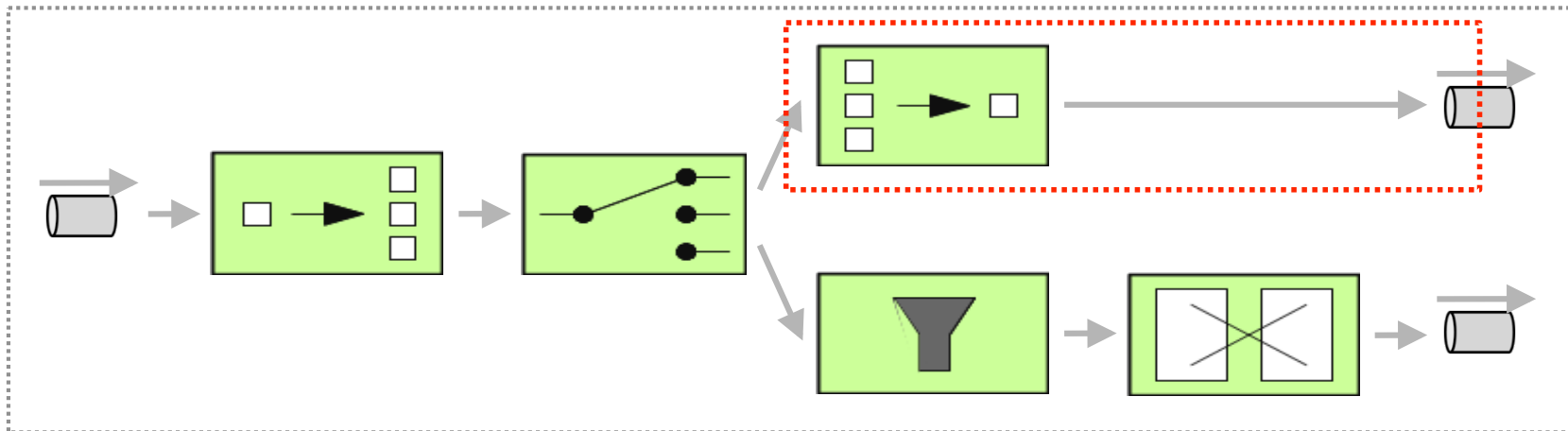
```
from(ENDPOINT_URI_ROUTER)
  .choice()
    .when().xpath("/n:user", NS)
      .to(ENDPOINT_URI_USER_AGGREGATOR)
    .when().xpath("/n:admin", NS)
      .to(ENDPOINT_URI_ADMIN_FILTER)
    .otherwise()
      .to(ENDPOINT_URI_UNKNOWN_NOTIFICATION);
```



Cas pratique



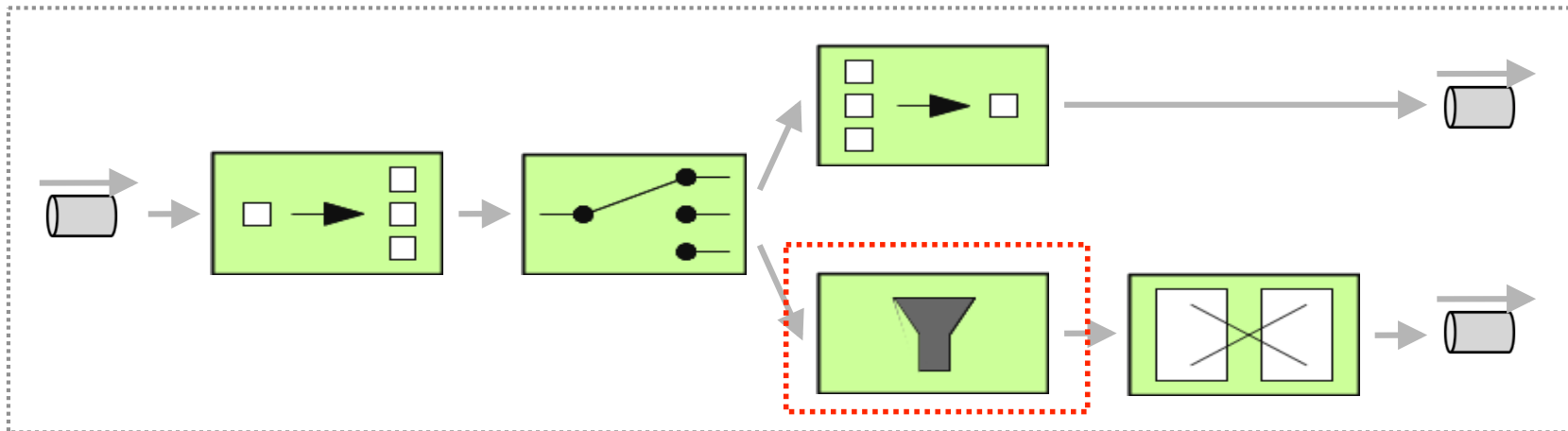
```
from(ENDPOINT_URI_USER_AGGREGATOR)
  .aggregate()
    .xpath("/n:user/n:to", NS)
    .aggregationStrategy(aggStrategy)
    .completionSize(10)
    .completionTimeout(5000)
  .convertBodyTo(String.class)
  .to(ENDPOINT_URI_USER_OUT);
```



Cas pratique



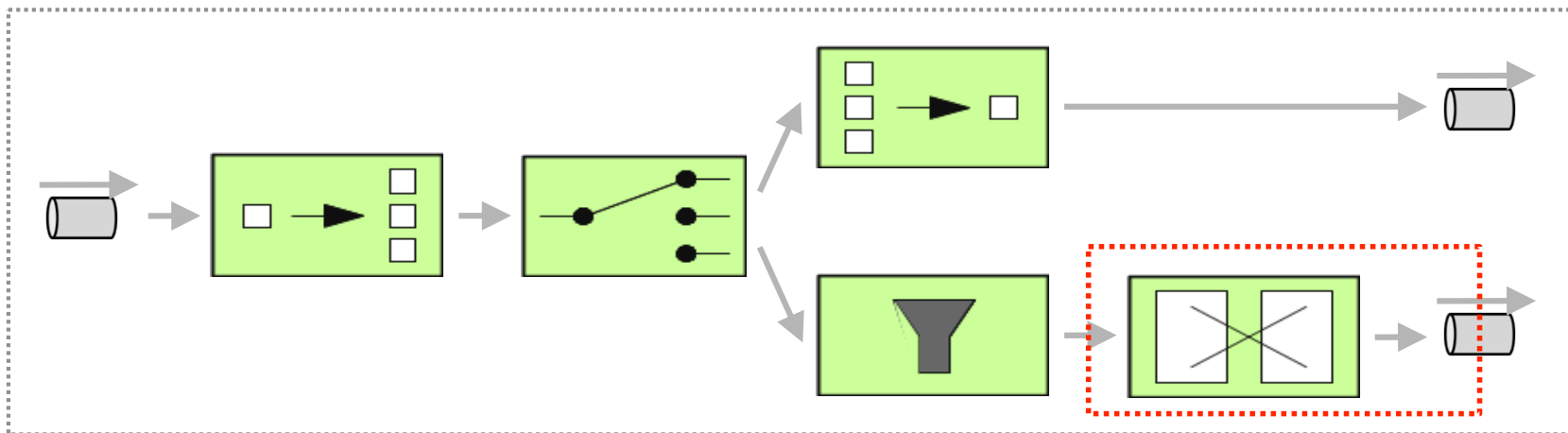
```
from(ENDPOINT_URI_ADMIN_FILTER)
  .filter()
    .xpath("/n:admin/n:severity/text() = 'ERROR'", NS)
  .to(ENDPOINT_URI_ADMIN_TRANSLATOR);
```



Cas pratique



```
from(ENDPOINT_URI_ADMIN_TRANSLATOR)  
  .to("bean:notificationTransformer")  
  .to(ENDPOINT_URI_ADMIN_OUT);
```



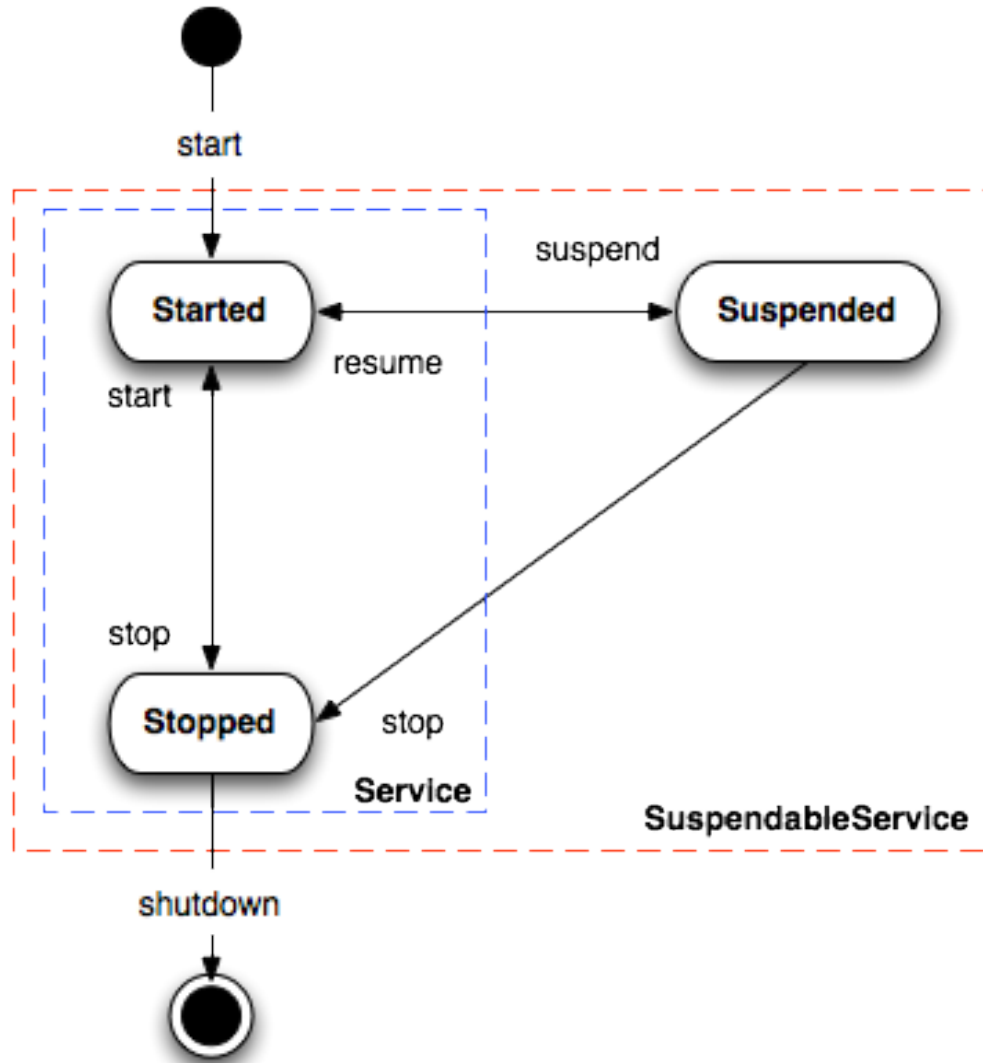
Cas pratique



<https://github.com/ggiamarchi/EIP-Camel>

Management & Monitoring

Cycle de vie



```
package org.apache.camel;  
  
public interface Service {  
  
    void start() throws Exception;  
    void stop() throws Exception;  
  
}
```

```
package org.apache.camel;  
  
public interface SuspensibleService  
extends Service {  
  
    void suspend() throws Exception;  
    void resume() throws Exception;  
    boolean isSuspended();  
  
}
```


Management & Monitoring



Overview Memory Threads Classes VM Summary MBeans

Attributes

Name	Value
CamelId	contextTP 1
DeltaProcessingTime	0
Description	EventDrivenConsumerRoute[Endpoint[file://C:/Camel/resanet/resa_in_tp1] -> Instrumenta...
EndpointUri	file://C:/Camel/resanet/resa_in_tp1
ExchangesCompleted	0
ExchangesFailed	0
ExchangesTotal	0
ExternalRedeliveries	0
FailuresHandled	0
FirstExchangeCompletedExchangeId	
FirstExchangeCompletedTimestamp	
FirstExchangeFailureExchangeId	
FirstExchangeFailureTimestamp	
InflightExchanges	0
LastExchangeCompletedExchangeId	
LastExchangeCompletedTimestamp	
LastExchangeFailureExchangeId	
LastExchangeFailureTimestamp	
LastProcessingTime	0
Load01	0,00
Load05	0,00
Load15	0,00
MaxProcessingTime	0
MeanProcessingTime	0
MinProcessingTime	0
Redeliveries	0
ResetTimestamp	Mon Oct 07 20:08:00 CEST 2013
RouteId	route 1
RoutePolicyList	
State	Started
StatisticsEnabled	true
TotalProcessingTime	0

Refresh

Management & Monitoring

<http://hawt.io/>



The screenshot displays the Hawtio web interface for managing Apache Camel routes. The browser address bar shows the URL: `localhost:8080/hawtio/#/camel/routes?tab=integration&nid=root-org.apache.camel-stracmac.local%2Fcamel-1-routes-%22route2%22`. The navigation menu on the left shows a tree structure: `camel-1` (expanded) contains `Routes` (expanded), which includes `route1` and `route2` (selected). Below `Routes` are `Endpoints` and `MBeans`. The main area shows a route diagram for `route2`. The diagram consists of the following components:

- From activemq:personnel.records**: The starting point of the route.
- Choice (4)**: A decision node that branches the flow based on a condition.
- Filter: /person/city = 'London'**: A condition that filters messages where the city is London.
- To file:target/messages/uk (1)**: The destination for messages that pass the London filter.
- Otherwise**: A default condition for messages that do not match the London filter.
- To file:target/messages/others (3)**: The destination for messages that do not match the London filter.

The diagram is presented in a 'Diagram' view, with other options like 'Source', 'Trace', 'Attributes', 'Chart', and 'Operations' available in the toolbar. The diagram elements are numbered in red: 4 for the Choice node, 1 for the 'To file:target/messages/uk' node, and 3 for the 'To file:target/messages/others' node.

Fuse IDE

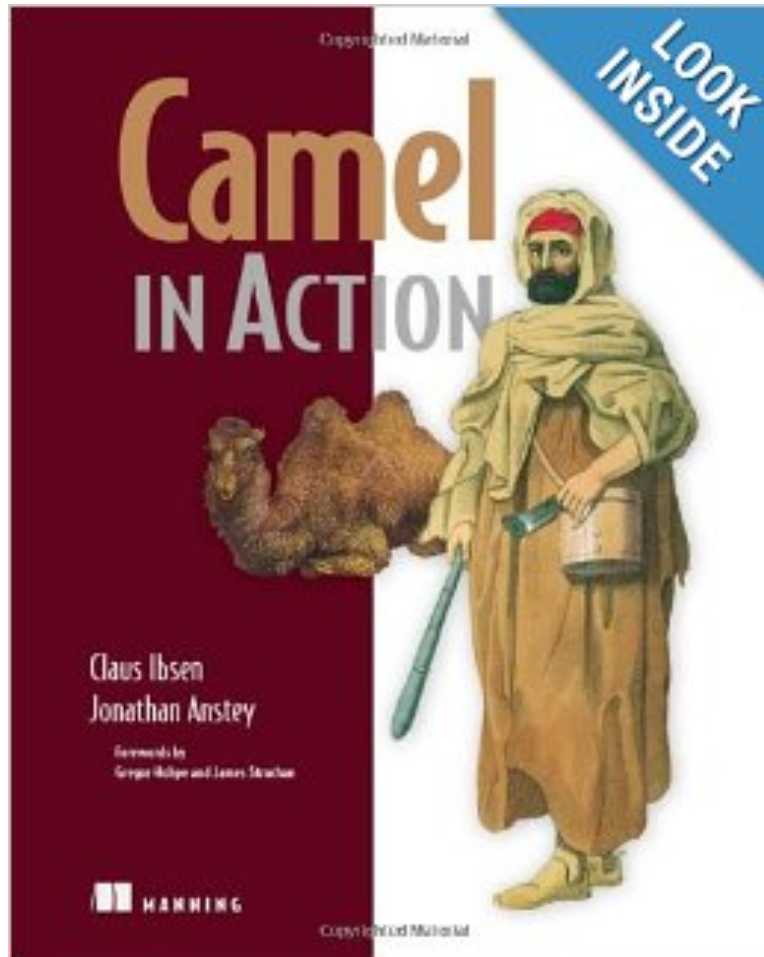
<http://fusesource.com/products/fuse-ide/>



The screenshot displays the Fuse IDE interface with a Camel route diagram in the Design view. The route starts with a file endpoint `file:src/data?noop=...` leading to a `choice` block. The `choice` block has two branches: `when /person/city...` and `otherwise`. Each branch contains a `log` component followed by a `file:target/messa...` endpoint. The interface includes a Package Explorer on the left showing the project structure, an Outline view, a Palette on the right with various components like `Aggregate`, `Choice`, and `DynamicRouter`, and a Details view at the bottom for the selected `Route` component.

```
graph LR;
  Start[file:src/data?noop=...] --> Choice[choice];
  Choice --> When[when /person/city...];
  Choice --> Otherwise[otherwise];
  When --> Log1[log];
  Otherwise --> Log2[log];
  Log1 --> End1[file:target/messa...];
  Log2 --> End2[file:target/messa...];
```

Livres



Merci !





Conclusion

"Spring Integration vs Apache Camel"

2 approches pour un même objectif

Spring Integration

Apache Camel

- Brique d'intégration légère et non invasive supportant les EIP
- Simple à introduire dans son système d'information

- Extension du modèle de programmation Spring
- Configuration déclarative des endpoints
- Peu de composants mais des composants officiels

- Non extension mais très bonne intégration Spring

- Promeut la vision Route
- Très bon support des tests des flows

